

27 for delivery to the primary server 22A. It will be understood that the CDROM drive 24 and the high-density drive 26 can be a single device, and further that the processed data can be transmitted to the primary server 22A over the network 18 instead of being delivered on the high-density disks. A suitable primary server 22A can be implemented with the server computer 22 running WINDOWS NT 4.0, MICROSOFT INTERNET INFORMATION server 4.0, MICROSOFT INDEX server, MICROSOFT SITE-SERVER EXPRESS, MICROSOFT ACTIVE SERVER PAGES, MICROSOFT SQL SERVER 6.5, and MICROSOFT TRANSACTION SERVER that are commercially available programs of Microsoft Corp. of Redmond, WA, the uppercase terms being believed to be respective trademarks of Microsoft. According to the present invention, the server 22A is further programmed for authorizing and tracking client access as described below in connection with a subscriber and client database that can be implemented in the above-identified SQL Server program.--

At page 7, delete the paragraph beginning on line 21 and insert:

--As shown in Figure 2, a document conversion process 50 is operable when the source disk 25 is mounted in the CD drive 24. The process includes a conventional decompress step 52 wherein compressed file archives of the provider 13 on the disk 25 are decompressed and each of the resulting files is copied as ASCII text in a suitable hard disk memory working directory 53 of the primary computer 12. Next, a suitable word processor program is entered in a start word process step 54 and a conversion macro 56 is invoked for processing the source text as described herein. Suitable word processor programs include MICROSOFT WORD 7.0 and MAC WORD, as appropriate for suitable IBM-compatible and MCINTOSH implementations of the primary computer 12, each program being available from Microsoft Corp., MCINTOSH being

A2  
~~Conf~~ believed to be a trademark of Apple Computer Corp. In each of these implementations, the conversion macro 56 is appropriately coded in VISUAL BASIC, also available from Microsoft Corp.--

At page 13, delete the paragraph beginning on line 7 and insert:

--As shown in Fig. 6, clients of any of the subscribers can also access the default web page 134 from a client computer 16 as described above in connection with Fig. 5. As shown in Fig. 6, a client navigation path 150 permits a client to register using a new client selection option 152 from the default page 134. After appropriate information concerning the client is entered using a series of screens, a username and password for the client is generated at the primary server 22A. The information required from the client can include last name, first name, middle initial, mailing address, telephone number, a personal password, and an e-mail address. Of course some of this information can be omitted, particularly if it has already been provided to the SQL client database, a minimal requirement being that there be sufficient information transmitted from the client to distinguish from other clients. As indicated in Fig. 5, the username and password information is not immediately available to the client as described above in connection with Fig. 5, being subsequently e-mailed (with instructions for using the site). It will be understood that the subscriber can communicate the subscriber's username or any other predetermined designation given to the patient for permitting the client to complete the registration process, which designation can serve as temporary authorization pending granting of the patient's username and password. Also, the client's permanent password can be either chosen by the client or generated by the server 22A. Once